Stratford-Upon- Avon Town Council

FINANCIAL REGULATIONS

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1. General

It is noted where the Policy refers to Chair, the Town Council use the title Mayor as that position within the Council.

1.1. These Financial Regulations govern the financial management of the Council and may only be amended or varied by resolution of the Council. They are one of the Council's governing documents and shall be observed in conjunction with the Council's Standing Orders.

1.2. Councillors are expected to follow these regulations and not to entice employees to breach them. Failure to follow these regulations brings the office of Councillor into disrepute.

1.3. Wilful breach of these regulations by an employee may result in disciplinary proceedings.

1.4. In these Financial Regulations:

- 'Accounts and Audit Regulations' means the regulations issued under Sections 32, 43(2) and 46 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, or any superseding legislation, and then in force, unless otherwise specified.

- "Approve" refers to an online action, allowing an electronic transaction to take place.

- "Authorise" refers to a decision by the Council, or a committee or an officer, to allow something to happen.

- 'Proper practices' means those set out in *The Practitioners' Guide*

- *Practitioners' Guide* refers to the guide issued by the Joint Panel on Accountability and Governance (JPAG) and published by NALC in England or Governance and Accountability for Local Councils in Wales – A Practitioners Guide jointly published by One Voice Wales and the Society of Local Council Clerks in Wales.

- 'Must' and **bold text** refer to a statutory obligation the Council cannot change.

- 'Shall' refers to a non-statutory instruction by the Council to its members and staff.

1.5. The Responsible Financial Officer (RFO) holds a statutory office, appointed by the Council. The Clerk has not been appointed as RFO.
The RFO;

- acts under the policy direction of the Council;
- administers the Council's financial affairs in accordance with all Acts, Regulations and proper practices;
- determines on behalf of the Council its accounting records and control systems;
- ensures the accounting control systems are observed;
- ensures the accounting records are kept up to date;
- seeks economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of Council resources; and
- produces financial management information as required by the Council.

1.6. The Council must not delegate any decision regarding:

- setting the final budget or the precept (Council tax requirement)
- the outcome of a review of the effectiveness of its internal controls
- approving accounting statements;
- approving an annual governance statement;
- borrowing;
- declaring eligibility for the General Power of Competence; and
- addressing recommendations from the internal or external auditors

1.7. In addition, the Council shall:

- determine and regularly review the bank mandate for all Council bank accounts;
- authorise any grant or single commitment in excess of [£5,000]; and

1.8. The Town Clerk and the Responsible Financial Officer (RFO), as the ‘proper officers’, under the policy direction of the Council, shall be responsible for the proper administration of the Council’s affairs.

1.9. The Responsible Financial Officer shall be responsible for the production of financial management information.

1.10. If the RFO is absent for longer than a standard holiday period, the responsibilities of the RFO will be temporarily deferred to the Town Clerk.

In their absence also, matters relating to financial procedures in general are brought before the Chairman of the Finance & Audit Committee and if necessary, the Mayor. Similarly, work completed by the RFO requiring supervision / approval, in the absence of the Town Clerk, should also be brought before the Chairman of the Finance & Audit Committee and if necessary, the Mayor.

2. Risk management and internal control

2.1. The Council must ensure that it has a sound system of internal control, which delivers effective financial, operational and risk management.

2.2. The Clerk with the RFO shall prepare, for approval by the Council, a risk management policy covering all activities of the Council. This policy and consequential risk management arrangements shall be reviewed by the Council at least annually.

2.3. When considering any new activity, the Clerk with the RFO shall prepare a draft risk assessment including risk management proposals for consideration by the Council.

2.4. At least once a year, the Council must review the effectiveness of its system of internal control, before approving the Annual Governance Statement.

2.5. The accounting control systems determined by the RFO must include measures to:

- ensure that risk is appropriately managed;
- ensure the prompt, accurate recording of financial transactions;
- prevent and detect inaccuracy or fraud; and
- allow the reconstitution of any lost records;
- identify the duties of officers dealing with transactions and
- ensure division of responsibilities.

2.6. At least once in each quarter and at each financial year end, a member other than the Chair or a bank signatory shall be appointed to verify bank reconciliations (for all accounts) produced by the RFO.
The member shall sign and date the reconciliations and the original bank statements as evidence of this. This activity, including any exceptions, shall be reported to and noted by the Council.

2.7. Regular back-up copies shall be made of the records on any Council computer and stored either online or in a separate location from the computer. The Council shall put measures in place to ensure that the ability to access any Council computer is not lost if an employee leaves or is incapacitated for any reason.

3. Accounts and audit

3.1. All accounting procedures and financial records of the Council shall be determined by the RFO in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations.

3.2. The accounting records determined by the RFO must be sufficient to explain the Council's transactions and to disclose its financial position with reasonably accuracy at any time. In particular, they must contain:

- day-to-day entries of all sums of money received and expended by the Council and the matters to which they relate;

- a record of the assets and liabilities of the Council;

3.3. The accounting records shall be designed to facilitate the efficient preparation of the accounting statements in the Annual Governance and Accountability Return.

3.4. The RFO shall complete and certify the annual Accounting Statements of the Council contained in the Annual Governance and Accountability Return in accordance with proper practices, as soon as practicable after the end of the financial year. Having certified the Accounting Statements, the RFO shall submit them (with any related documents) to the Council, within the timescales required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations.

3.5. The Council must ensure that there is an adequate and effective system of internal audit of its accounting records and internal control system in accordance with proper practices.

3.6. Any officer or member of the Council must make available such documents and records as the internal or external auditor consider necessary for the purpose of the audit and shall, as directed by the Council, supply the RFO, internal auditor, or external auditor with such information and explanation as the Council considers necessary.

3.7. The internal auditor shall be appointed by the Council and shall carry out their work to evaluate the effectiveness of the Council's risk management, control and governance processes in accordance with proper practices

specified in the Practitioners' Guide.

3.8. The Council shall ensure that the internal auditor:

- is competent and independent of the financial operations of the Council;
- reports to Council in writing, or in person, on a regular basis with a minimum of one written report during each financial year;
- can demonstrate competence, objectivity and independence, free from any actual or perceived conflicts of interest, including those arising from family relationships; and
- has no involvement in the management or control of the Council

3.9. Internal or external auditors may not under any circumstances:

- perform any operational duties for the Council;
- initiate or approve accounting transactions;
- provide financial, legal or other advice including in relation to any future transactions; or
- direct the activities of any Council employee, except to the extent that such employees have been appropriately assigned to assist the internal auditor.

3.10. For the avoidance of doubt, in relation to internal audit the terms 'independent' and 'independence' shall have the same meaning as described in The Practitioners Guide.

3.11. The RFO shall make arrangements for the exercise of electors' rights in relation to the accounts, including the opportunity to inspect the accounts, books, and vouchers and display or publish any notices and documents required by the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, or any superseding legislation, and the Accounts and Audit Regulations.

3.12. The RFO shall, without undue delay, bring to the attention of all Councillors any correspondence or report from internal or external auditors.

4. Budget and precept – to be noted this process commences in September.

4.1. Before setting a precept, the Council must calculate its Council tax requirement for each financial year by preparing and approving a budget, in accordance with The Local Government Finance Act 1992 or succeeding legislation.

4.2. Budgets for salaries and wages, including employer contributions shall be reviewed by the Council at least annually in September subject to the latest NJC pay agreement being settled for the following financial year and the final version shall be evidenced by a hard copy schedule signed by the Clerk and the Chair of the Council or relevant committee. The RFO will inform committees of any salary implications before they consider their draft their budgets.

4.3. No later than October each year, the RFO shall prepare a draft budget with detailed estimates of all income and expenditure for the following financial year taking account of the lifespan of assets and cost implications of repair or replacement.

4.4. Unspent budgets for completed projects shall not be carried forward to a subsequent year. Unspent funds for partially completed projects may only be carried forward by placing them in an earmarked reserve with the formal approval of the full Council.

4.5. Each committee shall review its draft budget and submit any proposed amendments to the Finance & Audit Committee in respect of Revenue and Capital Costs not later than the end of November each year.

4.6. The draft budget with any committee proposals including any recommendations for the use or accumulation of reserves, shall be considered by the finance and audit committee and a recommendation made to the Council at it's budget setting meeting.

4.7. At the above meeting the Council shall determine its Council tax requirement by setting of the budget. The Council shall set a precept for this amount no later than the end of January for the ensuing financial year.

4.8. Any member with Council tax unpaid for more than two months is prohibited from voting on the budget or precept by Section 106 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 and must and must disclose at the start of the meeting that Section 106 applies to them.

4.9. The RFO shall issue the precept to the billing authority no later than the end of January and supply each member with a copy of the agreed annual budget.

4.10. The agreed budget shall form the basis of financial control and for monitoring progress during the year by comparing actual spending and income against it.

4.11. Any addition to, or withdrawal from, any earmarked reserve shall be agreed by the Council.

4.12. The Council's Standing Committees should have regard to a three-year forecast of revenue and capital projects and will submit these to the Finance & Audit Committee who will advise Council after consideration of these forecasts.

5. Procurement

5.1. Members and officers are responsible for obtaining value for money at all times. Any officer procuring goods, services or works should ensure, as far as practicable, that the best available terms are obtained, usually by obtaining prices from several suppliers.

5.2. The RFO should verify the lawful nature of any proposed purchase before it is made and in the case of new or infrequent purchases, should ensure that the legal power being used is reported to the meeting at which the order is authorised and also recorded in the minutes.

5.3. Every contract shall comply with the Council's Standing Orders and these Financial Regulations and no exceptions shall be made, except in an emergency.

5.4. For a contract for the supply of goods, services or works where the estimated value will exceed the thresholds set by Parliament, the full requirements of The Public Contracts Regulations 2015 or any superseding legislation ("the Legislation"), must be followed in respect of the tendering, award and notification of that contract.

5.5. Where the estimated value is below the Government threshold, the Council shall (with the exception of items listed in paragraph 6.12) obtain prices as follows:

5.6. For contracts estimated to exceed £60,000 including VAT, the Clerk shall seek formal tenders from at least three suppliers agreed by the Council OR depending on the type of work or services required advertise an open invitation for tenders in compliance with any relevant provisions of the Legislation. Tenders shall be invited in accordance with Appendix 1. It is noted that where possible and practical the Council will engage with local suppliers and contractors.

5.7. For contracts estimated to be over £30,000 including VAT, the Council must comply with any requirements of the Legislation[1] regarding the advertising of contract opportunities and the publication of notices about the award of contracts.

5.8. For contracts greater than £3,000 excluding VAT the Clerk or RFO shall seek at least 3 fixed-price quotes;

5.9. where the value is between £500 and £3,000 excluding VAT, the Clerk or RFO shall try to obtain 3 estimates which might include evidence of online prices, or recent prices from regular suppliers.

5.10. For smaller purchases, the Clerk or RFO shall seek to achieve value for money.

5.11. Contracts must not be split into smaller lots to avoid compliance with these rules.

5.12. The requirement to obtain competitive prices in these regulations need not apply to contracts that relate to items (i) to (iv) below:

i. specialist services, such as legal professionals acting in disputes;

ii. repairs to, or parts for, existing machinery or equipment;

iii. works, goods or services that constitute an extension of an existing contract;

iv. goods or services that are only available from one supplier or are sold at a fixed price.

5.13. When applications are made to waive this financial regulation to enable a price to be negotiated without competition, the reason should be set out in a recommendation to the Council or relevant committee. Avoidance of competition is not a valid reason.

5.14. The Council shall not be obliged to accept the lowest or any tender, quote or estimate.

5.15. Individual purchases within an agreed budget for that type of expenditure may be authorised by:

- the Clerk under delegated authority, for any items below £3,500 excluding VAT.

[1] The Regulations require Councils to use the Contracts Finder website if they advertise contract opportunities and also to publicise the award of contracts over £30,000 including VAT, regardless of whether they were advertised.

- the Clerk, in consultation with the Chair of the Council or Chair of the appropriate committee, for any items between £3,501 and £5,000 excluding VAT.

- a duly delegated committee of the Council for all items of expenditure within their delegated budgets for items under £5,000 excluding VAT

- in respect of initiatives (referred to in the policy as grants), a duly authorised committee within any limits set by Council and in accordance with any policy statement agreed by the Council.

- the Council for all items over £5,000.

Such authorisation must be supported by a minute (in the case of Council or committee decisions) or other auditable evidence trail.

5.16. No individual member, or informal group of members may issue an official order or make any contract on behalf of the Council.

5.17. No expenditure may be authorised that will exceed the budget for that type of expenditure other than by resolution of the Council or a duly delegated committee acting within its Terms of Reference except in an emergency.

5.18. In cases of serious risk to the delivery of Council services or to public safety on Council premises, the Clerk may authorise expenditure of up to £10,000 excluding VAT on repair, replacement or other work that in their judgement is necessary, whether or not there is any budget for such expenditure. The Clerk shall report such action to the Chair as soon as possible and to the Council as soon as practicable thereafter.

5.19. No expenditure shall be authorised, no contract entered into or tender accepted in relation to any major project, unless the Council is satisfied that the necessary funds are available and that where a loan is required, Government borrowing approval has been obtained first.

5.20. An official order or letter shall be issued for all work, goods and services above £500 excluding VAT unless a formal contract is to be prepared or an official order would be inappropriate. Copies of orders shall be retained, along with evidence of receipt of goods.

5.21. Any ordering system can be misused and access to them shall be controlled by the RFO.

6. Banking

6.1. The Council's banking arrangements, including the bank mandate, shall be made by the RFO and approved by the Finance & Audit Committee. The

Council has resolved to bank with Barclays Bank. The arrangements shall be reviewed annually for security and efficiency.

6.2. The Council must have safe and efficient arrangements for making payments, to safeguard against the possibility of fraud or error. Even where a purchase has been authorised, the payment must also be authorised and only authorised payments shall be approved or signed to allow the funds to leave the Council's bank.

6.3. Where regular monthly payments are made, a direct debit or standing order shall be created by the RFO or Finance & Facilities Officer (FFO). The details shall be shown on an authorisation form which shall be signed by two members of the Council. The RFO or FFO shall monitor these monthly payments as they appear on the bank statement to ensure expenditure corresponds to invoices received for payment.

6.4. For other online payments, details shall be entered by the RFO or FFO and shall be approved by two members of the Council, who shall access the online payment system through use of a secure computer and their own personal login and password.

The Clerk, RFO, FFO or other members that are an authorised signatory, should not be involved in approving any payment to themselves, with exception of salary payments which the Clerk and RFO are permitted to approve subject to checking the figures supplied by the payroll bureau which must be in line with current salary scales for all staff.

In the event a member is unable to carry out the authorisation themselves the RFO may undertake this action via the RFO's own login, providing written authorisation is received from two members of the Council.

6.5. To indicate agreement of the details used for online payments, the approvers shall each also sign the online payment schedule, which details each electronic payment approved, showing expenditure and identifying online payment details.

6.6. All authorised signatories shall have access to view the Council's bank accounts online.

6.7. No employee or Councillor shall disclose any PIN or password, relevant to the Council or its banking, to anyone not authorised in writing by the Council or a duly delegated committee.

6.8. All invoices for payment should be examined for arithmetical accuracy, analysed to the appropriate expenditure heading and verified to confirm that the work, goods or services were received, checked and represent expenditure previously authorised by the Council before being certified by the RFO. Where the certification of invoices is done as a batch, this shall

include a statement by the RFO that all invoices listed have been 'examined, verified and certified' by the RFO.

6.9. Personal payments (including salaries, wages, expenses and any payment made in relation to the termination of employment) may be summarised to avoid disclosing any personal information.

6.10. The Clerk and RFO shall have delegated authority to authorise payments in the following circumstances:

i. any payments of up to £3,500 excluding VAT, within an agreed budget.

ii. payments of up to £10,000 excluding VAT in cases of serious risk to the delivery of Council services or to public safety on Council premises.

iii. any payment necessary to avoid a charge under the Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998 or to comply with contractual terms, where the Clerk and RFO certify that there is no dispute or other reason to delay payment.

iv. Internal fund transfers within the Councils banking arrangements up to the sum of £50,000.

7. Electronic Payments

7.1. All payments shall be effected by electronic payment or other order drawn on the Council's bankers other than where it is more efficient for a cash payment to be made not exceeding £100.00, at the discretion of the RFO.

7.2. All invoices for payment not exceeding £1,000.00 shall be certified by the FFO. The FFO shall satisfy themself that the ordering officer has confirmed that the work, goods or services to which the invoice relates shall have been received, carried out, examined and approved.

7.3. All invoices for payment exceeding £1,000.00 shall be certified by either the RFO or Town Clerk. The RFO or Town Clerk shall satisfy themself that the ordering officer has confirmed that the work, goods or services to which the invoice relates shall have been received, carried out, examined and approved.

7.4. In the absence of the RFO and Town Clerk, the FFO may consult with the Chairman of the Finance & Audit Committee or the Mayor to authorise payment of invoices.

7.5. The ordering officer and the FFO shall jointly examine invoices in relation to arithmetic accuracy and shall analyse them to the appropriate expenditure heading.

7.6. The FFO may provide petty cash to officers for the purpose of defraying operational and other expenses. Vouchers for payments made shall be forwarded to the FFO with a claim for reimbursement:

(i) The FFO shall maintain a petty cash float not exceeding £250.00 for the purpose of defraying operational and other expenses with receipts to substantiate the payment.

(ii) Income received relating to refreshments or stamps, etc. can be paid into the petty cash float, providing that the amount is not more that £15.00. Amounts greater than £15.00 must be separately banked, as provided elsewhere in these regulations.

8. Cheque payments – note cheques currently not used.

8.1. Cheques or orders for payment in accordance in accordance with a resolution or delegated decision shall be signed by two member and countersigned by the Clerk.

8.2. A signatory having a family or business relationship with the beneficiary of a payment shall not, under normal circumstances, be a signatory to that payment.

8.3. To indicate agreement of the details on the cheque with the counterfoil and the invoice or similar documentation, the signatories shall also initial the cheque counterfoil and invoice.

8.4. Cheques or orders for payment shall not normally be presented for signature other than at, or immediately before or after a council {or committee} meeting}. Any signatures obtained away from council meetings shall be reported to the council {or Finance Committee} at the next convenient meeting.

9. Payment cards

9.1. Any Debit Card issued for use will be specifically restricted to the Clerk and the RFO/FFO and will also be restricted to a single transaction maximum value of £500 unless authorised by council or finance committee in writing before any order is placed. The debit card has a limit of £2,000.

9.2. Any corporate credit card or trade card account opened by the council will be specifically restricted to use by the Clerk, RFO/FFO and the open spaces officers and any balance shall be paid in full each month.

9.3. Personal credit or debit cards of members or staff shall not be used except for expenses of up to £250 including VAT, incurred in accordance with council policy.

10. Petty Cash

10.1. All cash received must be banked intact. The FFO/RFO shall maintain a petty cash float account of £250 and may provide petty cash to officers for the purpose of defraying operational and other expenses.

a) Vouchers for payments made from petty cash shall be kept, along with receipts to substantiate every payment.

b) Cash income received must not be paid into the petty cash float but must be separately banked, as provided elsewhere in these regulations.

c) Payments to maintain the petty cash float shall be shown separately on any schedule of payments presented for approval.

11. Payment of salaries and allowances

11.1. As an employer, the council must make arrangements to comply with the statutory requirements of PAYE legislation.

11.2. Councillors allowances (where paid) are also liable to deduction of tax under PAYE rules and must be taxed correctly before payment.

11.3. Salary rates shall be agreed by the council, or a duly delegated committee. No changes shall be made to any employee's gross pay, emoluments, or terms and conditions of employment without the prior consent of the council {or relevant committee}.

11.4. Payment of salaries shall be made, after deduction of tax, national insurance, pension contributions and any similar statutory or discretionary deductions, on the dates stipulated in employment contracts.

11.5. Deductions from salary shall be paid to the relevant bodies within the required timescales, provided that each payment is reported, as set out in these regulations above.

11.6. Each payment to employees of net salary and to the appropriate creditor of the statutory and discretionary deductions shall be recorded in a payroll control account or other separate confidential record, with the total of such payments each calendar month reported in the cashbook. Payroll reports can be reviewed by the finance committee to ensure that the correct payments have been made.

11.7. Any termination payments shall be supported by a report to the council, setting out a clear business case. Termination payments shall only be authorised by the full council.

11.8. Before employing any new staff, the Council must consider a full business case as recommended by the Personnel Committee.

12. Loans and investments

12.2. Any application for Government approval to borrow money and subsequent arrangements for a loan must be authorised by the full council and recorded in the minutes. All borrowing shall be in the name of the council, after obtaining any necessary approval.

12.3. Any financial arrangement which does not require formal borrowing approval from the Secretary of State such as Hire Purchase, Leasing of tangible assets or loans to be repaid within the financial year must be authorised by the full council, following a written report on the value for money of the proposed transaction.

12.4. The council shall consider the requirement for an Investment Strategy and Policy in accordance with Statutory Guidance on Local Government Investments, which must written be in accordance with relevant regulations, proper practices and guidance. Any Strategy and Policy shall be reviewed by the council at least annually.

12.5. All investment of money under the control of the council shall be in the name of the council.

12.6. All investment certificates and other documents relating thereto shall be retained in the custody of the RFO.

12.7. Payments in respect of short term or long-term investments, including transfers between bank accounts held in the same bank, shall be made in accordance with these regulations.

13. Income

13.2. The collection of all sums due to the council shall be the responsibility of and under the supervision of the RFO.

13.3. The council will review all fees and charges for work done, services provided, or goods sold at least annually as part of the budget-setting process, following a report of the Clerk. The RFO/FFO shall be responsible for the collection of all amounts due to the council.

13.4. Any sums found to be irrecoverable and any bad debts shall be reported to the council by the RFO and shall be written off in the year. The council's approval shall be shown in the accounting records.

13.5. All sums received on behalf of the council shall be deposited intact with the council's bankers, with such frequency as the RFO considers necessary. The origin of each receipt shall clearly be recorded on the paying-in slip or

other record.

13.6. Personal cheques shall not be cashed out of money held on behalf of the council.

13.7. The RFO shall ensure that VAT is correctly recorded in the council's accounting software and that any VAT Return required is submitted form the software by the due date.

13.8. Where significant sums of cash are regularly received by the council, the RFO shall ensure that more than one person is present when the cash is counted in the first instance, that there is a reconciliation to some form of control record such as ticket issues, and that appropriate care is taken for the security and safety of individuals banking such cash.

13.9. Any income that is the property of a charitable trust shall be paid into a charitable bank account. Instructions for the payment of funds due from the charitable trust to the council (to meet expenditure already incurred by the authority) will be given by the Managing Trustees of the charity meeting separately from any council meeting.

14. Payments under contracts for building or other construction works

14.2. Where contracts provide for payment by instalments the RFO shall maintain a record of all such payments, which shall be made within the time specified in the contract based on signed certificates from the architect or other consultant engaged to supervise the works.

14.3. Any variation of, addition to or omission from a contract must be authorised by the Clerk to the contractor in writing, with the council being informed where the final cost is likely to exceed the contract sum by 5% or more, or likely to exceed the budget available.

15. Stores and equipment

15.2. The officer in charge of each section shall be responsible for the care and custody of stores and equipment in that section.

15.3. Delivery notes shall be obtained in respect of all goods received into store or otherwise delivered and goods must be checked as to order and quality at the time delivery is made.

15.4. Stocks shall be kept at the minimum levels consistent with operational requirements.

15.5. The RFO shall be responsible for periodic checks of stocks and stores, at least annually.

16. Assets, properties and estates

16.2. The Clerk shall make arrangements for the safe custody of all title deeds and Land Registry Certificates of properties held by the council.

16.3. The RFO shall ensure that an appropriate and accurate Register of Assets and Investments is kept up to date, with a record of all properties held by the council, their location, extent, plan, reference, purchase details, nature of the interest, tenancies granted, rents payable and purpose for which held, in accordance with Accounts and Audit Regulations.

16.4. The continued existence of tangible assets shown in the Register shall be verified at least annually, possibly in conjunction with a health and safety inspection of assets.

16.5. No interest in land shall be purchased or otherwise acquired, sold, leased or otherwise disposed of without the authority of the council, together with any other consents required by law. In each case a written report shall be provided to council in respect of valuation and surveyed condition of the property (including matters such as planning permissions and covenants) together with a proper business case (including an adequate level of consultation with the electorate where required by law).

No tangible moveable property shall be purchased or otherwise acquired, sold, leased or otherwise disposed of, without the authority of the council, together with any other consents required by law, except where the estimated value of any one item does not exceed £500. In each case a written report shall be provided to council with a full business case.

17. Insurance

17.2. The RFO shall keep a record of all insurances effected by the council and the property and risks covered, reviewing these annually before the renewal date in conjunction with the council's review of risk management.

17.3. The Clerk shall give prompt notification to the RFO of all new risks, properties or vehicles which require to be insured and of any alterations affecting existing insurances.

17.4. The RFO shall be notified of any loss, liability, damage or event likely to lead to a claim, and shall report these to the council at the next available meeting. The RFO shall negotiate all claims on the council's insurers in consultation

with the Clerk.

17.5. All appropriate members and employees of the council shall be included in a suitable form of security or fidelity guarantee insurance which shall cover the maximum risk exposure as determined annually by the council, or duly delegated committee.

18. Charities

18.2. Where the council is sole managing trustee of a charitable body the Clerk and RFO shall ensure that separate accounts are kept of the funds held on charitable trusts and separate financial reports made in such form as shall be appropriate, in accordance with Charity Law and legislation, or as determined by the Charity Commission. The Clerk and RFO shall arrange for any audit or independent examination as may be required by Charity Law or any Governing Document.

19. Suspension and revision of Financial Regulations

19.1 The council shall review these Financial Regulations [annually] and following any change of clerk or RFO. The Clerk shall monitor changes in legislation or proper practices and advise the council of any need to amend these Financial Regulations.

19.2. The council may, by resolution duly notified prior to the relevant meeting of council, suspend any part of these Financial Regulations, provided that reasons for the suspension are recorded and that an assessment of the risks arising has been presented to all members. Suspension does not disapply any legislation or permit the council to act unlawfully.

19.3. The council may temporarily amend these Financial Regulations by a duly notified resolution, to cope with periods of absence, local government reorganisation, national restrictions or other exceptional circumstances.

Date of policy: June 2025
Approving committee: Finance and Audit /Town Council
Date of committee meeting: 3 June / 17 June 2025
Next Review: yearly

Appendix 1 - Tender process

1) Any invitation to tender shall state the general nature of the intended contract and the Clerk shall obtain the necessary technical assistance to prepare a specification in appropriate cases.

2) The invitation shall in addition state that tenders must be addressed to the Clerk in the ordinary course of post, unless an electronic tendering process has been agreed by the council.

3) Where a postal process is used, each tendering firm shall be supplied with a specifically marked envelope in which the tender is to be sealed and remain sealed until the prescribed date for opening tenders for that contract. All sealed tenders shall be opened at the same time on the prescribed date by the Clerk in the presence of at least one member of council.

4) Where an electronic tendering process is used, the council shall use a specific email address that will be monitored to ensure that nobody accesses any tender before the expiry of the deadline for submission.

5) Any invitation to tender issued under this regulation shall be subject to Standing Order F10 to F16 and shall refer to the terms of the Bribery Act 2010.

6) Where the council, or duly delegated committee, does not accept any tender, quote or estimate, the work is not allocated and the council requires further pricing, no person shall be permitted to submit a later tender, estimate or quote who was present when the original decision-making process was being undertaken.

Version	Date	Description of Amendments
1.1	22/07/2025 Min 35	9.1 Debit card limit increased to £2,000 from £1,000